SAINT PETER'S HEALTHCARE SYSTEM

Treating you better...for life.



UNDERSTANDING Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis

Crohn's disease is a chronic autoimmune inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) that can significantly impact a person's quality of life. It can affect any part of the digestive tract, but it most commonly affects the small intestine. The symptoms vary from person to person, but common signs include abdominal pain, diarrhea, fatigue, weight loss, and bloody stools. Some people may also experience nausea, vomiting, and a reduced appetite. These symptoms often come and go, leading to periods of flare-ups and remission.

"Not only is Crohn's disease painful, but it can also be exhausting to the point of affecting your daily life. It can impact the quality time you spend with your family and friends, your focus at work or school, and the energy you need to perform daily tasks. While there is no cure for Crohn's disease, various treatment options can manage symptoms and help improve overall well-being," said Arkady Broder, MD, FACG, FASGE, chief of the Division of Gastroenterology and Hepatology and director of the Endoscopy Unit at Saint Peter's University Hospital.

Treatment Options for Crohn's Disease

The choice of treatment for Crohn's disease depends on the severity of the disease and individual factors. Common approaches include:

Medications: Anti-inflammatory drugs and immunosuppressants can help reduce inflammation in the digestive tract.

Nutritional Therapy: Some individuals benefit from specific diets or nutritional supplements to manage symptoms and promote the healing of damaged tissue.

Surgery: In cases of severe complications or when medications are ineffective, surgery may be necessary. Common procedures involve removing damaged portions of the intestine or repairing obstructions.

Lifestyle Changes: Adopting a healthy lifestyle can complement medical treatments. This includes quitting smoking, maintaining a balanced diet, staying hydrated, and managing stress.

When to See a Gastrointestinal Specialist

"If you are experiencing persistent digestive issues, it's essential to seek the expertise of a gastrointestinal (GI) specialist. We can help you with a diagnosis and present treatment options that align with your lifestyle and the severity of your disease," said Dr. Broder.

See a GI specialist if you are experiencing...

- Persistent Symptoms: If you have ongoing abdominal pain, diarrhea, or other digestive symptoms that last for more than a few days, it's time to consult a specialist.
- Unexplained Weight Loss: Significant and unexplained weight loss could be a sign of underlying digestive issues such as Crohn's disease.
- Blood in Stools: If you notice blood in your stools or experience rectal bleeding, it's crucial to see a specialist as soon as possible.
- Unexplained Anemia: If you have been diagnosed with low red blood cell counts (anemia), it is important to have a gastrointestinal evaluation. Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD) can frequently lead to iron and blood loss, causing anemia to develop.
- Frequent Flare-ups: If you have been diagnosed with Crohn's disease and experience frequent flare-ups, it's essential to work closely with a GI specialist to manage the condition effectively.

The Difference Between Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis

Ulcerative colitis is a chronic autoimmune disease that primarily affects the colon and rectum. It is characterized by inflammation and ulcers in the lining of the colon, leading to a range of symptoms such as abdominal pain, diarrhea, rectal bleeding, weight loss, fatigue, and an urgent need to evacuate the bowels. Like in Crohn's disease, the severity of symptoms can vary, with periods of active disease interspersed with periods of remission.

Despite these similarities, there are important distinctions between ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease:

Location of Inflammation: Crohn's disease can affect any part of the gastrointestinal tract while ulcerative colitis primarily affects the colon and rectum, with inflammation usually starting in the rectum and extending continuously into the colon.

Depth of Inflammation: Ulcerative colitis typically involves inflammation in the innermost lining of the colon, while Crohn's disease can affect multiple layers of the bowel wall.

Complications: Crohn's disease is often associated with a higher risk of complications such as strictures (narrowing of the intestine), fistulas (abnormal connections between organs), and abscesses. Ulcerative colitis, on the other hand, may be associated with complications like severe bleeding, toxic megacolon, and an increased risk of colon cancer.

If you are experiencing persistent digestive symptoms, seeking a diagnosis and treatment options from a gastroenterologist can make a significant difference in improving your overall well-being.

MyIBD Learning:

Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD), Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis

Wednesday, February 21 • 5:30 pm - 8:00 pm

Saint Peter's University Hospital

254 Easton Avenue • New Brunswick, NJ Sister Marie de Pazzi Conference Center

Register: saintpetershcs.com/IBD

Five Simple Steps for a Stronger Heart

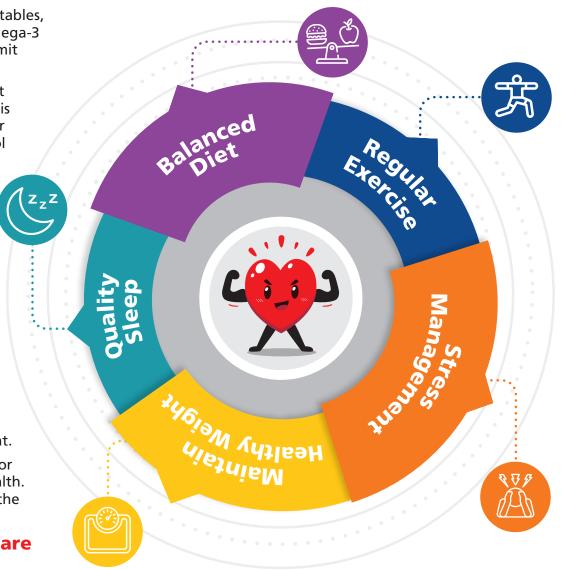
February is Heart Health Month, a month dedicated to raising awareness about cardiovascular health and promoting preventive measures against heart disease. A healthy heart is the cornerstone of overall wellness and adopting a heart-healthy lifestyle can significantly reduce the risk of heart disease.

By incorporating five simple yet impactful habits into your daily routine, you can promote cardiovascular health and enjoy a more energetic life.

- 1. Balanced Diet: A heart-healthy diet is rich in fruits, vegetables, whole grains, and lean proteins. Choose foods high in omega-3 fatty acids, such as walnuts, to support heart function. Limit saturated and trans fats, sodium, and added sugars.
- 2. Regular Exercise: Physical activity is a key player in heart health. Aim for at least 30 minutes of exercise per day. This could include brisk walking, cycling, or swimming. Regular exercise can lower blood pressure and improve cholesterol levels. Speak with your healthcare provider before beginning any exercise program.
- 3. Stress Management: Chronic stress can take a toll on your heart. Incorporate stress-reducing practices like meditation and deep breathing into your daily routine to help calm the mind.
- 4. Maintain a Healthy Weight: Being overweight puts additional strain on the heart. Strive for a body mass index (BMI) within the recommended range for your age, sex, and height. A combination of a balanced diet and regular exercise can help achieve and maintain a healthy weight.
- 5. Quality Sleep: Poor sleep patterns have been linked to an increased risk of heart disease, so prioritize getting enough sleep to allow your heart to recover and rejuvenate. Aim for 7 to 9 hours of restful sleep each night.

It's important to schedule regular health check-ups to monitor your blood pressure, cholesterol levels, and overall heart health. Detecting and addressing potential issues early can prevent the development of heart disease.

To make an appointment with a primary care physician near you, visit SPPANJ.com.



Community Calendar

For more information or to register for a program, call the contact number listed or visit saintpetershcs.com/events. Most programs are FREE unless noted; please call for information.

Cancer Support

Bone Marrow Transplant

For patients who have had an allogeneic transplant Call for information: 732.235.8522

Breast Cancer

Call for information: 732.235.7011

Gynecologic Cancer

In partnership with the Cancer Support Community Central NJ **Call for information: 732.235.6792**

Living with Cancer

Call for information: 732.235.7557

Education

For information about classes, call the numbers listed below

Diabetes Self-Management Education

Call for information: 732.339.7630

Gestational Diabetes Self-Management Education Call for information: 732.339.7630

Prevent T2 Program New session! First virtual class: February 19 • 7 – 8 pm Call for information and

registration: 732.339.7772

Parent

Some parenting classes are being held online. Register at saintpetershcs.com/ParentEducation. Once registered for a class, access information will be provided to you. For information about the following classes, please call Parent Education at 732.745.8579.

Baby Care Birth Center Class

(for moms under midwifery care) **Breastfeeding** Class

Grandparents Class

Hypnobirthing Sibling Class

Marvelous Multiples New Daddy

Class **Prenatal Yoga/ Exercise Class** Prepared Childbirth/ **Lamaze Classes**

Spinning Babies

Parent Support

Registration is required. Visit saintpetershcs.com/ParentEducation or call 732.745.8579.

Breastfeeding Support Group 1st Tuesday of each month Next meeting: February 6 • 1 pm

New Moms Support Group "Life Will Never Be The Same"

1st Tuesday of each month Next meeting: February 6 • 12 pm

Support Groups

Bariatric Nutrition Support

2nd Thursday of each month **Next meeting:** February 8 • 6 – 7 pm Call 732.339.7450 for Zoom meeting information

Bereavement

Call Pastoral Care for information: 732.745.8565

Craniofacial Teen Girls Call for information: 732.745.8600, x8113

MyGoal Autism Family

2nd Sunday of each month **Next meeting:** February 11 • 3 pm Call 877.886.9462 or email info@mygoalautism.org for virtual meeting information

3rd Thursday of each month **Next meeting:** February 15 • 7 – 9 pm Call 732.745.8522 or email imariano@saintpetersuh.com for Zoom link

Spouse/Partner Caregiver Support Call for information: 732.745.8600, x8653

Saint Peter's Virtual Urgent Care

Monday - Friday 5 to 10 p.m. **Saturday & Sunday** 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.



saintpetershcs.com/virtualurgentcare





Need a doctor? To find a Saint Peter's physician, visit saintpetershcs.com/findaphysician.
Online scheduling is also available with select Saint Peter's Healthcare System physicians via Zocdoc at BookMySPDoc.com This calendar is for information only. Do not rely on it to make healthcare decisions on your own; instead, talk with your healthcare provider for advice and treatment. Do not ignore medical advice or delay seeking it because of something you read here. We do not suggest or endorse that you have any tests, use products, or use other information in this document without advice from your healthcare provider.



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